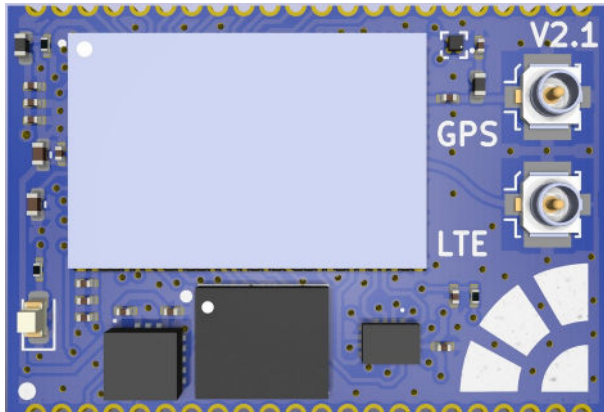


Octopus SoM



Overview

Octopus SoM is a System on Module (SoM) built around the nRF9160 SiP offering NB-IoT and LTE-M connectivity, GPS and accelerometer. It supports on board eSIM and external nano SIM connector. It's purpose is to provide flexible hardware platform for IoT applications.

Features

- **Application processor:**
 - ARM® Cortex M33 with 1 MB Flash and 256 kB RAM
 - ARM® Trustzone®, ARM® Cryptocell 310
- **LTE-M / NB-IoT modem**
 - LTE Cat-M1, LTE CAT-NB1 (NB-IoT) with Global Coverage
 - Throughput (DL / UL): LTE-M: 300/375 kbps, NB-IoT: 30/60 kbps
 - SSL / TLS & Secure FOTA support
 - PSM and eDRX support
 - On-board eSIM & switching circuit for external SIM
 - GPS (L1 C/A)
- **ADXL362 3-axis low-power accelerometer**
- **Power:**
 - Application processor and RF modem powered through VnRF pin, can be powered directly from a battery
 - GPIO and onboard peripherals powered through single 3.3 VDD pin
- **Peripherals:**
 - 4x SPI / UART / I2C
 - 4x PWM, PDM, I2S
 - up to 8 12-bit, 200ksps ADC
 - 3x TIMER, 2x RTC, WDT
 - SWD programming pins
- **Features castellated pads and SMD footprint for integration into other products**

Contents

| | |
|---|---|
| Recommended Operating Conditions..... | 1 |
| Dimensions..... | 1 |
| Pin Diagram..... | 1 |
| Pin Description..... | 1 |
| User available internal pins..... | 3 |
| Peripherals..... | 3 |
| Accelerometer..... | 3 |
| eSIM..... | 3 |
| SIM select configuration..... | 4 |
| GPS..... | 4 |
| LED..... | 4 |
| LTE-M / NB-IoT..... | 5 |
| Reference Design/Application Circuit..... | 5 |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Operating Temperature | -20 | 25 | 85 | °C |
| VnRF | 3.0* | 3.8 | 5.5 | V |
| VDD | 1.8 | | 3.6 | V |

(*) RF Product Specification operating temperature

Dimensions

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------|---------|
| Height | 19.1 mm |
| Width | 28.1 mm |

Pin Diagram

See norik.com for interactive pin diagram.

Pin Description

| | | | |
|----|----------------|------------|----|
| 2 | VDD | VDD_nRF | 43 |
| 3 | P0.10/SPI_CLK | P0.04 | 42 |
| 4 | P0.08/SPI_MISO | P0.03 | 41 |
| 5 | P0.09/SPI_MOSI | P0.02 | 40 |
| | | P0.01 | 39 |
| 6 | P0.13/AIN0 | P0.00 | 38 |
| 7 | P0.14/AIN1 | | |
| 8 | P0.15/AIN2 | | |
| 9 | P0.16/AIN3 | GPS_EN | 37 |
| 10 | P0.17/AIN4 | | |
| 11 | P0.19/AIN6 | P0.31 | 36 |
| 12 | P0.20/AIN7 | P0.30 | 35 |
| | | P0.29 | 34 |
| 13 | SWD_CLK | P0.28 | 33 |
| 14 | SWD_IO | P0.27 | 32 |
| 15 | SWO | P0.26 | 31 |
| 16 | nRESET | P0.05 | 30 |
| | | P0.06 | 29 |
| 17 | SIM_RST | P0.07 | 28 |
| 18 | SIM_IO | P0.18/AIN5 | 27 |
| 19 | SIM_1V8 | P0.21 | 26 |
| 20 | SIM_CLK | P0.23 | 25 |
| | GND | P0.24 | 24 |
| | GND | | |
| | GND | | |
| | GND | | |
| | GND | | |
| | 1 | 21 | 22 |
| | 23 | 24 | 44 |

| # | Label | Description | Device-tree node |
|----|----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground power input | - |
| 2 | VDD | GPIO power input | - |
| 3 | P0.10/SPI_CLK | SPI CLK pin | spi3 |
| 4 | P0.08/SPI_MISO | SPI MISO pin | spi3 |
| 5 | P0.09/SPI_MOSI | SPI MOSI pin | spi3 |
| 6 | P0.13/AIN0 | nRF9160 P0.13 / AIN0 | gpio0 |
| 7 | P0.14/AIN1 | nRF9160 P0.14 / AIN1 | gpio0 |
| 8 | P0.15/AIN2 | nRF9160 P0.15 / AIN2 | gpio0 |
| 9 | P0.16/AIN3 | nRF9160 P0.16 / AIN3 | gpio0 |
| 10 | P0.17/AIN4 | nRF9160 P0.17 / AIN4 | gpio0 |
| 11 | P0.19/AIN6 | nRF9160 P0.19 / AIN6 | gpio0 |
| 12 | P0.20/AIN7 | nRF9160 P0.20 / AIN7 | gpio0 |
| 13 | SWD_CLK | SWDCLK programming pin | - |
| 14 | SWD_IO | SWDIO programming pin | - |
| 15 | SWO | SWO programming pin | - |
| 16 | nRESET | nRF9160 Reset | - |
| 17 | SIM_RST | External SIM Reset | - |
| 18 | SIM_IO | External SIM IO | - |
| 19 | SIM_1V8 | External SIM VDD | - |
| 20 | SIM_CLK | External SIM CLK | - |
| 21 | GND | GPIO power input | - |
| 22 | GND | GPIO power input | - |
| 23 | GND | GPIO power input | - |
| 24 | P0.24 | nRF9160 P0.24 | gpio0 |
| 25 | P0.23 | nRF9160 P0.23 | gpio0 |
| 26 | P0.21 | nRF9160 P0.21 | gpio0 |
| 27 | P0.18/AIN5 | nRF9160 P0.18 / AIN5 | gpio0 |
| 28 | P0.07 | nRF9160 P0.07 | gpio0 |
| 29 | P0.06 | nRF9160 P0.06 | gpio0 |
| 30 | P0.05 | nRF9160 P0.05 | gpio0 |
| 31 | P0.26 | nRF9160 P0.26 | gpio0 |
| 32 | P0.27 | nRF9160 P0.27 | gpio0 |
| 33 | P0.28 | nRF9160 P0.28 | gpio0 |
| 34 | P0.29 | nRF9160 P0.29 | gpio0 |
| 35 | P0.30 | nRF9160 P0.30 | gpio0 |
| 36 | P0.31 | nRF9160 P0.31 | gpio0 |
| 37 | GPS_EN | nRF9160 GPS Enable | - |
| 38 | P0.00 | nRF9160 P0.00 | gpio0 |
| 39 | P0.01 | nRF9160 P0.01 | gpio0 |
| 40 | P0.02 | nRF9160 P0.02 | gpio0 |

| # | Label | Description | Device-tree node |
|----|---------|---------------------|------------------|
| 41 | P0.03 | nRF9160 P0.03 | gpio0 |
| 42 | P0.04 | nRF9160 P0.04 | gpio0 |
| 43 | VDD_nRF | nRF9160 power input | - |
| 44 | GND | Ground power input | - |

GPIO pins are not 5V tolerant.

User available internal pins

| nRF9160 Pin | Function | Device-tree node |
|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| P0.07 | LED | gpio0 |
| P0.11 | ADXL362 CS pin | gpio0 |
| P0.12 | ADXL362 INT1 | gpio0 |
| P0.25 | SIM select pin | gpio0 |

Peripherals

The Octopus SoM features multiple peripherals that are connected to the nRF9160 on the board or internally in the SiP.

Accelerometer

On board accelerometer is the **ADXL362** from Analog Devices. It's an ultra-low-power 3-axis accelerometer that is connected to nRF9160 via SPI and features an interrupt pin. The interrupt pin is connected to P0.12. It can be configured for multiple purposes, described in ADXL362 datasheet.

The accelerometer is defined in Octopus SoM device-tree under spi3 node with adxl362 sub-node and accel0 alias.

See Accelerometer sample for an example on how to read the accelerometer data.

eSIM

The Octopus SoM provides the users 2 options for SIM. Option 1 is on board eSIM. Option 2 is external nano SIM, which can be connected to the board via castellated pads. User can switch between these two options using on-board switch that is controlled via P0.25 pin:

| Selection pin | Selected SIM |
|---------------|-------------------|
| HIGH | External nano SIM |
| LOW | On-board eSIM |

SIM select configuration

The SIM can be selected through device-tree using a device-tree overlay file in your project.

1. Create a new directory in your project named **boards**:

```
$ cd <your-project-directory>
$ mkdir boards
$ cd boards
```

1. Create an overlay file with the **exact** name of the board:

```
$ touch octopus_som_ns.overlay
```

1. Add the following device-tree node to the overlay file:

```
&sim_select {
    sim = "external"
}
```

By changing the value of `sim` to **on-board** you select on-board eSIM. By changing the value to **external** you select external nano SIM.

GPS

The GPS receiver is integrated into the RF modem of the nRF9160. To receive location data from satellites, active external GPS antenna must be connected to the on-board GPS u.fl connector. [Taoglas Active Patch Antenna](#) is an example of a compatible antenna.

nRF9160 controls the powering of the antenna using a MAGPIO pin. This saves power when the antenna isn't active.

See the GPS sample for more information regarding the use of GPS receiver.

LED

The Octopus SoM board features on-board LED that is defined using `led0` device-tree alias.

To test this LED see the blinky sample.

LTE-M / NB-IoT

The cellular modem is integrated into the nRF9160 SiP. **Compatible antenna MUST be attached to the on-board LTE u.fl connector to prevent the damage to the modem.** An example of such antenna is [Taoglas Flexible Wideband Antenna](#).

Reference Design/Application Circuit

